EMME O 't Hooft lecture Prof. François Englert





October 7th 16.00 - 17.30 hrs. Theatron, Educatorium Leuvenlaan 19

On the origin of elementary particle masses

Abstract

The story I will tell begins around 1960. At that time, the *long range interactions* within our universe were well understood from the laws of classical general relativity, Einstein's generalisation of Newtonian gravity, and of quantumelectrodynamics, the quantum version of Maxwell's electromagnetic theory. But there was no hint of how to formulate consistent fundamental theories of short range interactions, acting at subatomic levels.



Robert Brout

Inspired by the success of quantum electrodynamics and by Nambu's work on *Spontaneous Symmetry Breaking*, Robert Brout and I initiated a solution to the latter; and so did independently Peter Higgs. This is the BEH mechanism that led to a general interpretation of the origin of elementary particle masses. My friend Robert Brout passed away in 2011 and left me alone to tell the story.

I will present the BEH mechanism and comment on the magnificent discovery of its predicted scalar boson by the ATLAS and CMS groups at CERN. This discovery provides a direct confirmation of the theory and delineates the known from the unknown. I shall dive into the unknown and emphasise its call for a deep understanding of the quantisation of gravity.



Peter Higgs



The Department of Physics covers a broad range of research areas, which can be unified under the umbrella of a "Center for Extreme Matter and Emergent Phenomena". This new center strengthens the areas of joint

interest and makes the existing coherence more apparent.